The Daily Courant.

Saturday, December 29. 1705.

From the Paris Gazette, dated January 2.

Madrid, December 18.

THE King's Departure is fix'd to the 12th of next Month. The Troops are marching on all ſides to the Frontier of Caralonia; and the laſt of the French paſs'd this way laſt Week. They halted a day or 2 at Alcala, and are ſince gone on with the Artillery. 100 of the Horſe Guards ſet forward to day, and 400 Foot are to march to morrow for Valencia. The 5th a general Proceſſion was made from the Church of St. Mary to the Convent of the Diſcalzas reales, and the Religious Orders and Brotherhoods aſſiſted at it, as did the Councils, and the 3 Preſidents of Caſtile, the Indies, and the Treaſury. We have Advice from Catalonia, that ſeveral Parties of Miquelets had advanc'd to the Frontier, but that moſt of them had been defeated. One of thoſe Parties that advanc'd near Mequinenza, was put to Flight by Collonel Mahoni; and 40 that got into a Boat to eſcape over the River, were all drown'd. On the other Hand, the Rebels have poſſeſs'd themſelves of Gandia, by the Treachery of the Garriſon, moſt of which were Catalans of the Regiment of Horſe of Nebot, which joyn'd them; the Duke of Gandia happily eſcap'd out of their Hands.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated January 5.

Paris, Decemb. 28. A Courier is arriv'd from Monſ. Amelot our Ambaſſador at Madrid, whence he came the 15th Inſtant, with the News, that an intire Regiment of Spaniſh Horſe, which block'd up the Caſtle of Denia in the Kingdom of Valencia, having revolted and declar'd for King Charles III. have ſeiz'd their General Officer who commanded the Blockade, and have ſince made themſelves Maſters of 2 ſmall Towns in Valencia.

From the Paris Letter, dated January 1.

Paris, January 1. 'Tis reported M. de Legal, and M. de Xumenes, Lieutenants-Generals, are nominated to ſerve in Catalonia. 'Tis advis'd from Toulon, that 9 Men of War are ſail'd from thence, with Order 'tis ſuppos'd to cruiſe off Barcelona, and on the Coaſt of Catalonia.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated January 5.

Pampelona, December 18. The French Troops that were in Eſtramadura, arriv'd 2 days ago on this Frontier of Navarre, and are to march through Arragon to Catalonia. The Marſhal de Theſſe is arriv'd at Saragoſſa, where King Philip is expected about the 20th of next Month.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated January 5.

Montpelier, Decemb. 20. To Day we receiv'd Letters from Perpignan, adviſing, that 5 Tartans laden with Proviſions and a Reinforcement of 200 Men, are happily arriv'd in Roſes. The Enemy have ſent a Detatchment of 600 Engliſh and Dutch, and ſome Horſe, commanded by General Schratenbach, towards Figueres, with what Deſign is not yet known.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated January 5.

Vienne, Decemb. 23. This Morning at 10 a Clock Count Draskowitz, Colonel, arriv'd here from Tranſilvania, having been about 4 Weeks in his Journey, being oblig'd to go about over part of the Turkiſh Dominions, and through Croatia and Stiria. He brings a particular account, that the 11th of November the Imperialiſts defeated the Malecontents near Semblio, killing 6000 of them on the Spot taking 24 Pieces of Cannon, and many Priſoners; among them the Marquiſs de Bellegarde the King of France's Envoy to Prince Ragotski; which Marquiſs commanded 400 French Grenadiers, and is brought hither by Count Draskowitz with 27 Colours. Some of theſe Colours have on one ſide the Words, *Pro Deo, Patria, & Libertate*; and on the other the Arms of Prince Ragotski, with this Inſcription, *Franciſcus Ragotski de Velſo Vadas Dei Gratia Electus Tranſylvaniæ Princeps.* After the Count of Draskowitz had related to the Emperor the Particulars of this Action, he told him that on the way hither he had heard a Report of a ſecond Victory. Prince Ragotski is fled towards Zathmar, deſigning from thence to retire to Poland. 'Tis believ'd he and the other Heads of the Hungarian Malecontents had moſt of the Gold or Silver Money of Hungary in their Hands; there being hardly any but Copper Money now to be ſeen in that Kingdom. 'Tis confidently reported, that General Rabutin having Intelligence of the Defeat of the Malecontents, ſallied out of Hermanſtad with a ſtrong Detatchment, and falling upon the hindmoſt of them kill'd 4000; as alſo that General Herbeville has taken by Storm 2 Forts ſituate near Zamoſwar, putting all that were in them to the Sword, Count Caroli excepted, who made his Eſcape. General Schlick is ſince return'd to Segedin with 3 Regiments of Horſe and 1 of Hungarian Militia; and General Herbeville having left half his Army in Tranſilvania, is come back with the other half to Great Waradin. A Letter written by Major-General Leſſelholtz, Governor of Arath, touching theſe Victories, is made publick, and contains in Subſtance; That 12 Huſſars being arriv'd at Arath, reported, That General Herbeville purſuing the Malecontents, took his March by Tallu, Clauſenburg, Torta, Enneth, and Weiſſemburg, to Zamos Eywar; that Count Rabutin join'd him near Weiſſemburg with 1000 German Horſe and 500 Huſſars; and that they had a ſecond Action near Zamos Eywar, which was very bloody; but that the Malecontents were intirely defeated, all their Foot being kill'd; that 160 Pieces of Cannon were taken from them, as alſo a great number of Colours, Standards, Kettle-Drums, and all their Baggage, and that General Rabutin purſu'd thoſe who fled towards Piſtriz. The Relation brought to the Emperor by Count Draskowitz, will be printed. *P. S.* The firſt Action was on the 11th of November between Somblio and Silhay; in it no more than 3 or 400 Imperialiſts were kill'd: After which the Malecontents were again defeated near Zamoſywar; and a third time (as is reported) by General Rabutin near Deva; but the laſt requires Confirmation.

The Leiden Gazette of January 5, ſays in the Article from Vienna, that Count Draskowitz had brought the Emperor an Account of 2 Victories gain'd over the Malecontents of Hungary, and that the Subſtance of that Account was as follows.

'That the 11th of November, being St. Martin's 'day, General Herbeville attack'd near Silay the 'Army of the Malecontents of Hungary who lay 'ſtrongly intrench'd there to diſpute his Entrance into 'Tranſilvania; and after a vigorous Reſiſtance, in'tirely defeated them: That their Horſe taking their 'Flight towards the Frontier of Turkey, their Foot 'conſiſting of 7000 Germans, French, Poles, and 'Hungarians, were all put to the Sword: That 'there were taken from them 57 Colours, with all 'their Artillery conſiſting of 136 Pieces of Cannon, 'and alſo all their Baggage, a great deal of Ammu-

'nition

was given to none, except to General Bellegarde who commanded the Army of the Malecontents under Prince Ragotski, and ſome other Officers, our Men cutting down the reſt without the leaſt Regard to the Germans that were among them and begg'd hard for Quarter: That the Malecontents rallying afterwards and poſting themſelves advantagiouſly near Zamoſwar, General Herbeville attack'd them a 2d Time, and once more intirely routed them: That Prince Ragotski is fled towards Poland, with General Forgatz and about 100 Horſe: That General Herbeville had retaken all the Poſts the Malecontents has poſſeſs'd themſelves of in Tranſilvania: And that having deliver'd that Principality, he is return'd towards Great Waradin with moſt part of his Army, &c.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated January 5.

Duſſeldorp, January 1. The 28th *ult.* at Night the Elector Palatine receiv'd anExpreſs from Vienna, with the News of the Defeat of Prince Ragotski's Army, of which 6000 Men were kill'd in the Field. Among the Baggage the Imperialiſts are ſaid to have taken 6 Waggons loaded with Money. Among the Priſoners taken is a French Officer nam'd the Marquiſs de Bellegarde. 'Tis not known what is become of M. Deſalleurs; 'tis believ'd he and Count Caroli are both kill'd, The Imperialiſts have loſt ſeveral brave Offieers, among them the Majors-General Baron Viermont, and the Marquiſs de Cuſani.

From the Amſterdam Gazette, dated January 5.

The News of the Defeat of the Hungarian Malecontents in 2 Actions in Tranſilvania, is fully confirm'd by Letters from Vienna and ſeveral other Places in Germany, tho' no exact Relation of the Particulars is yet tranſmitted; but one Circumſtance is related in thoſe Letters that is very remarkable, viz. that the Town of Clauſenbourg, in which the Malecontents had ſet up a Triumphal Arch, for the Reception of Prince Ragotski, as Prince of Tranſilvania, is return'd (after their Defeat) to their Obedience to the Emperor. 'Tis needleſs to take notice of divers other particulars, becauſe we ſhall be more rightly inform'd by the authentick Relation we may expect from Vienna by the next Poſt; and by that we may be able to judge, how far theſe Advantages may probably forward the Pacification of the Troubles of Hungary.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated January 5.

Munich, December 26. The 24th Inſtant at Night we had Intelligence that 4 or 5000 Peaſants and 500 Hunters, all well arm'd, were advanc'd to Vorſtenried within 2 Leagues of this Place: Whereupon Order was ſent to General Kriechbaum, who was canton'd at Anzing with 2000 Men, to haſten hither; in the mean time Collonel Wend poſted Men in the chief Streets, and order'd the Burghers to keep quiet in their Houſes. At one a Clock in the Morning, notice was given that the Peaſant had ſurpriz'd the Tower and the Bridge over the Iſer. The 25th in the Morning General Kriechbaum advanc'd thither, and began to cannonade that Tower and Bridge; but finding that would be tedious Work, he caus'd his Horſe and Huſſars to paſs the Iſer in a Place that was fordable, and they attack'd the Peaſants ſo furiouſly that they made them abandon the Tower and Bridge, and retire into Sendlingen a Village half a League off, where they endeavour'd to ſecure themſelves. General Kriechbaum's Foot immediately paſs'd the Bridge, being reinforc'd by a Detachment of our Garriſon; the ſaid Village was ſurrounded and attack'd, and Order was given to ſpare none. The Peaſants begg'd Quarter, but too late, and great Slaughter was made of them, at leaſt 2000 of them were kill'd, a great number wounded, and ſeveral Hundred taken Priſoners: But their Horſe, and chief Leaders made their Eſcape. 'Tis ſaid their chief Officers were, a Frenchman nam'd Blanci who broke Priſon at Ulm. one Captain Meyer, a Lieutenant of the Regiment of Tattenbach, and an Adjutant of the Regiment of Luzelburg. In this Action were taken, 4 Colours having the Arms of Bavaria on them, 6 Field-pieces, 1 pair of Kettle-Drums, and 5 Waggons loaded with Ammunition.

The Leiden Gazette of January 5. in the Articles of Munich and Ratisbon, ſays above 3000 of the Bavarian Peaſants were kill'd in this Action; that the Priſoners (in number ſeveral Hundred) were Jeſuites College and ſeveral Hoſpitals; but that there were hardly 50 of them that were not much wounded; ſo that ſeveral died the next Night, and many more were like to follow them.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated January 5.

Ausburg, December 24. Since the retaking of Kelheim from the Bavarian Peaſants, the Imperialiſts have ſent from thence to Straubing 500 Grenadiers and 200 Horſe, for reinforcing the Garriſon. The Pruſſian Horſe that arriv'd lately from Italy, are put into Quarters of Refreſhment in our Neighbourhood and about Aicha, being in no Condition to act againſt the revolted Peaſants.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated January 5.

Ratisbon, December 28. Laſt Saturday 2000 Men were embark'd at Straubing, to attempt to recover Vilſhoffen, and to clear the Country of the Rebels between the Iſer and the Inn as high as Braunau.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated January 5.

Dreſden, December 30. 'Tis advis'd from Grodno, that the Czar of Muſcovy was ſet out from thence for Tykoczin and Wilna, thence to go to Muſcovy: That he has promis'd King Auguſtus to return ſhortly into Lithuania with 40000 Foot; and a Reinforcement of 10000 Horſe. That Count Menſchikoff and Field-Marſhal Ogilvy are to continue this Winter at Grodno; that the Czar has left a great Sum of Money with King Auguſtus; and that his ſaid Majeſty's Council at Grodno have confirm'd the Treaty made with the Czer laſt Year in the Camp before Nerva.

The freſheſt Advices concerning the Siege of the Caſtle of Nice, are of the 21ſt of *December*, and ſay, that the Place had then been beſieg'd 39 *Days*: but the continual Rains had ſo retarded the Beſiegers Approaches, that not one of its Works was taken. 32 Companies of Grenadiers detatch'd from Alſace by the Marſhal de Villars, have Orders to join the Troops that are before Nice; but are not expected there till the 10th of January: And in the mean time 'tis advis'd the Duke of Savoy is drawing Troops together at Limon, with Deſign ('tis preſum'd) to attempt the Relief of Nice.

'*Hague*, January 5. A Courier arriv'd from Duſſeldorp the 2d Inſtant; but without bringing the Elector Palatine's Conſent to the Terms propos'd by the States for the 4000 Men of his Troops they would ſend to Italy. The Count de Lecheraine is gone from hence to Duſſeldorp, to endeavour to perſuade the Elector to accept thoſe Terms. He promis'd to return hither to morrow or next *Day*; or at leaſt to ſend a Courier by that time, to acquaint the *Duke* of Marlborough what he had done. His Grace propoſes to put to Sea on Friday next. The 30th of laſt Month ſome *Daniſh* Troops took Poſſeſſion of the Town of Eutin, and obliged the Burghers to do Homage to Prince Charles; and the Chief Officer of the Danes ſummoned a Captain that commands the Guard of the Caſtle, to take in as many *Danes* as there are Holſteiners in it, to the end it might be equally gariſoned by both. But the Captain anſwering he was reſolved to defend himſelf to Extremity, the *Danes* prepared to attack him.

At the Deſire of ſeveral Perſons of Quality.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this preſent Saturday, being the 29th of December, will be preſented the Tragedy of Macbeth, all the Muſick Vocal and Inſtrumental compos'd by Mr. Leveridge, and perform'd by him and others; and Dancing by Mouſieur de Ruel, and Mrs. du Ruel; alſo a new Dance (never yet perform'd) by Mrs. Evans, taught by Monſieur Siris,

Never Acted but twice.

AT the Queen's Theatre in the Hay-Market, this preſent Saturday, being the 29th of December, will be preſented, a new Comedy, call'd, the Miſtake. Beginning exactly at half an Hour after Five.

Theſe Plays are Sold by J. Knapton at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, and B. Lintott Next Nando's Coffee-House, Temple-Bar

Loſt on Thurſday the 27th Inſtant in the Afternoon from a Houſe on Dowgate-Hill, a little black and white Spaniel Bitch of the Spaniſh kind, about 6 Inches high, with a large Bruſh Tail, ſhort Ears with long Hair growing over them, her Name Vene; whoever brings the ſaid Bitch to the New-Eaſt India Coffee-Houſe on Dowgate-Hill, ſhall there receive Ten Shillings Reward.

Loſt laſt Saturday being the 22d Inſtant, a plain Gold Watch Caſe, in St. Clements Church or between that and St. Dunſtans Church: Whoever brings it to Mr. Gretton Watch-maker in Fleet-ſtreet, ſhall have 2 Guineas Reward, or if offer'd to be pawn'd or ſold you are deſir'd to ſtop it.

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